



# CHRONOLOGICAL BIBLE READING

## STUDY/ MEDITATION GUIDE

### February 16 / Leviticus 11-13

Questions:

- What types of animals were the Israelites allowed to eat?
  - What types of animals were they NOT allowed to eat?
  - What was the concern of God with these food laws? (Verses 44-45)
  - How does Acts 10:9-15 change things for believers? Why can we eat these things now? (hint: the answer is in WHO declares things clean or unclean)
  - For how long was a woman ceremonially unclean after giving birth to a baby boy?
  - On what day was a baby boy to be circumcised?
  - Why were sacrifices necessary after birth? (hint: think what the pain of childbirth represented because of the Fall in the Garden)
  - Why do you think the plague of leprosy was such a big deal?
  - Check out Matthew 8, Luke 17:11-19, and Mark 1:40-45. Why did Jesus have the leper go to the priests? Who was the ONLY one according to the Israelites who could heal leprosy? (Hint: NOT the priests) What does this say about Jesus?
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### February 17 / Leviticus 14-15

Questions:

- Who was involved in the ceremonial cleansing of the leper?
- What was to be done to a house in which the leprosy continued to spread?
- How are these laws holiness issues and practical issues?
- Chapter 15 is a difficult chapter to read through with children... For what three conditions were laws given in this chapter?
- Here are some great thoughts from Nancy Guthrie on these purity laws:

*Let's face it — the laws about what make a person ceremonially clean or unclean found in Leviticus 11–15 are strange. Yet when we study them, we see that everything that makes a person unclean is something that reflects the effects of the curse of sin on this world. Animals fed on other animals only after the curse. Bodies bled and developed disease only after the curse. Mold and mildew, the visible evidence of decay, came into being only after the curse. Everything designated unclean in Leviticus demonstrated that things are not the way they once were in the Garden—the way God originally intended them to be. The laws regarding clean and unclean in Leviticus give us hope that we who are unclean can be made clean through an acceptable sacrifice, and will one day be made holy to enter into the presence of God. Jesus, who was perfectly clean, took our uncleanness upon himself so that we might be made clean and he is at work even now, by his Spirit, making us holy. God will not abandon our world to its uncleanness forever! He will make it clean.*

## February 18 / Leviticus 16-18 (Leviticus 18 is a difficult chapter for kids)

Questions:

- Describe the process of the scapegoat in your own words? Why was it necessary?
  - How often was atonement made for the people?
  - How is Jesus our scapegoat and how does His atoning work differ from this atonement?
  - Where were the sacrifices to be brought?
  - What was to be done to a person who ate blood?
  - Where is the life of a creature?
  - With what persons of the opposite sex was an Israelite not to have sexual relations?
  - What is said of sexual relations with someone of the same sex?
  - What is said of sexual relations with an animal?
  - What did the land do to those who practiced such abominations?
  - Why does Romans 1 say the people of the world do these things?
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## February 19 / Leviticus 19-21

Questions:

- Why are we to be holy?
  - Which of the ten commandments are repeated in this chapter?
  - What was to be left for the poor?
  - How should we treat our neighbors?
  - For what sins was a person put to death?
  - For what sins was a person cut off from their people?
  - Who was a priest not to marry?
  - What physical defects were not allowed in one who made offerings?
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## February 20 / Leviticus 22-23 :

Questions:

- What were they not to eat?
- Who was not allowed to eat of the holy things?
- What were some of the feasts they were to keep during the year?
- What do we learn about the importance of the Sabbath, not just the day?
- Why were these feasts important?

## February 21 / Leviticus 24-25

Questions:

- How long were the lamps to burn?
  - What happened to the man who blasphemed the name of the LORD?
  - How was the law different for a stranger?
  - How do these laws demonstrate God's justice? How do they demonstrate God's concern for His Name and character?
  - How should this change the way we think about God's Name and the image of God in His people?
  - What occurred every seventh year?
  - What occurred every fiftieth year?
  - Why was returning the land important? (Hint: it has to do with the place of people within the Covenant of God)
  - How was an Israelite to treat a poor Israelite whom he had purchased?
  - Who could redeem one that was sold?
  - Who would usher in the ultimate jubilee?
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## February 22 / Leviticus 26-27

Questions:

- What benefits would result if they kept God's commandments?
- What problems would result if they did not keep God's commandments?
- What would happen if in their enemies' land they confessed their iniquities?
- What is the promise of God based on? (verses 44-45)
- What was added to the price of redemption?
- What do we learn about WHO owns everything and the purpose of all that we are given?